

State Policies and Practices to Promote Father Involvement

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Who is FRPN?



Jay Fagan, Ph.D. Temple University FRPN Co-Director



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Overview of FRPN

- Six-year, \$4.8 million cooperative agreement to Temple U & CPR
- Funding by U.S. DHHS, ACF, Office of Planning, Research and Evaluation, 2013-2019
- Targets fatherhood researchers & programs serving low-income fathers











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FRPN State Planning Mini Grants

CO	Families First Colorado
СТ	State of Connecticut, Department of Social Services
KY	Lexington Leadership Foundation
MI	University of Michigan, School of Social Work
MN	Minnesota Fathers and Families Network
NC	North Carolina State University, School of Social Work
PA	The Strong Families Commission
RI	Parent Support Network of Rhode Island
SC	South Carolina Center for Fathers and Families
WA	Washington State Department of Social and Health Services,
	Economic Services Administration (ESA), Office of the Assistant
	Secretary
WY	Wyoming Children's Trust Fund

Presenters



Frances Pardus-Abbadessa, Executive Deputy Commissioner, HRA/Office of Child Support Services, New York City, NY



Sasha Rasco, Associate Commissioner, Prevention and Early Intervention (PEI) Division, Texas Department of Family and Protective Services, TX

Fernando Mederos, Graduate School of Social Work, Simmons College, MA

Ann Ream, Director of Community Relations and Foster Care, Summit County Children Services, OH



Cynthia Osborne, Associate Dean for Academic Strategies and Director, Child and Family Research Partnership, TX







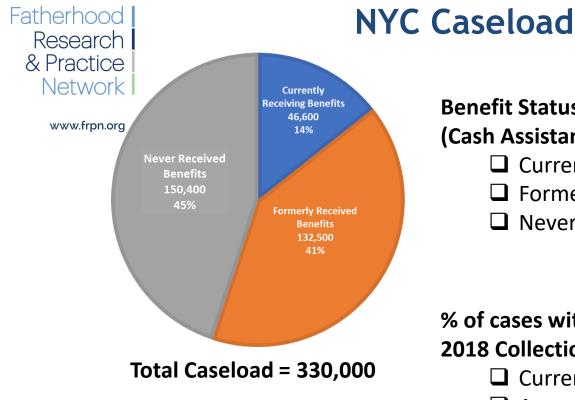
Why a Webinar on Policies and Practices to Promote Father Engagement at the State Level?

- Father engagement improves child outcomes but many human services agencies don't include dads
- ACF's IM of 10/17/18 urges all HS agencies to enhance paternal involvement
- Few states have Councils or Commissions to create policies & practices for father engagement
- Some states are pursuing promising engagement policies & procedures
- Agencies dealing with child support, child welfare and child health/ development are key
- New research can move the policy agenda

Child Support Frances Pardus-Abbadessa Office of Child Support Services New York City

- Adjusting orders for fathers with low income
- Debt forgiveness
- Connections to employment
- Engaging fathers to avoid court involvement
- Meeting fathers where they are
- Improved communication





Number of Individuals on Caseload = 953,000

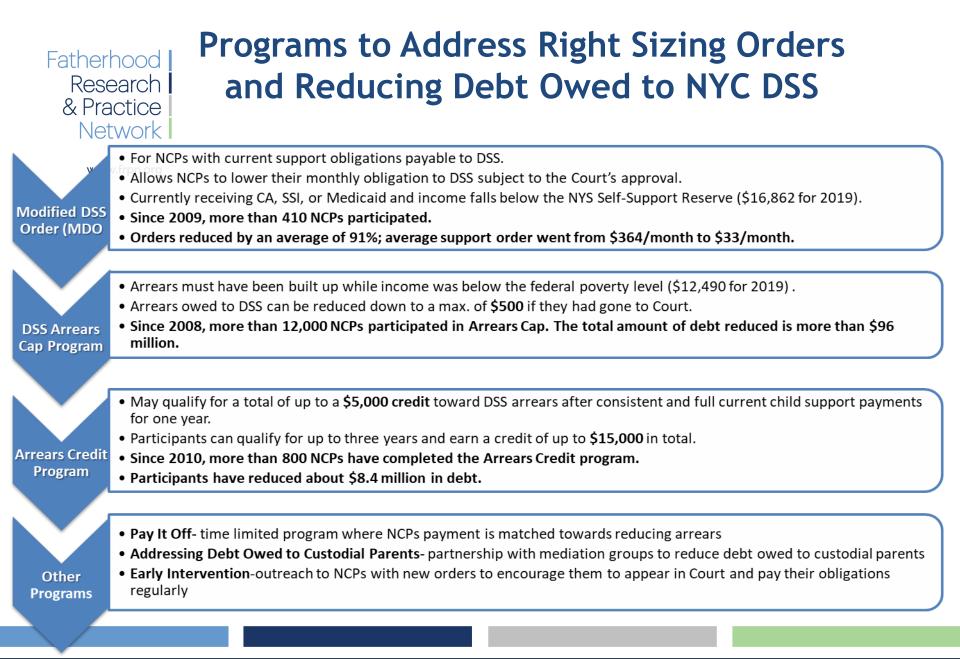
- □ 369,000 children under age 21
 - That's 1 out of 6 children in NYC
- □ 290,000 custodial parents (CP)
- 294,000 noncustodial parents (NCP)

Benefit Status of All NCPs (Cash Assistance, MA, SNAP, SSI)

- □ Currently in Receipt = 15%
- \Box Formerly in Receipt = 43%
- □ Never in Receipt = 42%

% of cases with orders (SEP) = 81% 2018 Collections = \$771,584,978

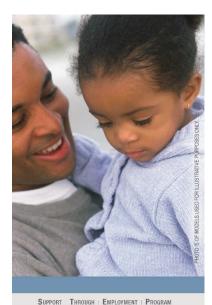
- Current Orders = 62%
- □ Arrears-only = 31%
- □ Zero-Dollar Orders = 7%
- □ Cases with a payment= 159,000 (59%)
 - Paid 90% or More = 60%





Effectiveness of Programs

Program	Before	After	
Modify DSS Order (MDO)	35% paying	57% paying	
Arrears Cap Program	51% paying	63% paying	
Pay It Off (2018) 178 parents paid off their debts entirely (646 participants)		52 % increase-in average monthly payments for the remaining noncustodial parents	





Connecting NCPs to Employment

The Support Through Employment Program (STEP) offers noncustodial parents (NCPs) the opportunity to gain stable employment so they can pay their child support orders.

We partner with:

- NYC Family Court Support Magistrates
- OCSS staff in the Family Courts
- HRA employment providers
- 1,600 NCPs connected to employment at an average wage of nearly \$14 per hour in 2018
- More than \$2.7 million in collections from NCPs referred into STEP in 2018
- Launched an incentive program to help NCPs reduce debt for reaching certain employment milestones in 2018

Brochure on STEP in English/Spanish: http://bit.ly/STEPbrochure



Meeting NCPs Where They Are

Parent Support Program is a problem-solving court approach to connecting noncustodial parents (NCPs) to employment services and other programs to reduce barriers to paying child support.

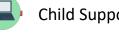


Service plan to overcome specific barriers



Connect NCPs to employment services

Violation Petitions in Brooklyn, the Bronx and soon to be Manhattan



Child Support navigation

Consistent communication with Resource Coordinator

Frequent court hearings

Graduation Start new jobs and make six months of consistent child support payments

ELIGIBILITY

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOME

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Modernizing Service Delivery for Families

We are creating a new service model for parents age 24 and younger

We are using behavioral economic theory to improve the way we communicate with parents

We are making changes to our summons package so that NCPs have a better understanding of the importance of showing up to Court with the right documentation to get a "right-sized order"

We are texting NCPs and CPs to remind them of Court hearing appointments

We are improving our customer service model (bringing services into community and finding innovative ways to provide customer services)

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Changing the Way the Program is Perceived in NYC

Working with community partners to reach mutual clients

- Partner with NYC child welfare Preventive Services Program
- Provide training and outreach to create awareness around the anti-poverty benefits of the program and our services
- Developed **Snapshot**, an online portal to give real-time access to partners on information regarding an NCP's child support case (with signed permission).



Videos in the Words of Parents and "How To Videos"

- Created videos of parents on our caseload discussing their role as parents and their experience with the program
- Creating "How To" videos for You Tube to help parents navigate complex child support forms and processes



Partnered with the City University of New York (CUNY) Silberman School of Social Work at Hunter College to develop curriculum for Social Workers emphasizing the value of fathers in children's lives

• Curriculum has been implemented at the Silberman School and Columbia University



Resources

- Smeeding, T.M., Garfinkel, I, & Mincy, R.B. (2011) "Young Disadvantaged Men: Fathers, Families, Poverty and Policy." The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. 635:6-21.
- Paulsell, D. et. al. (2015) "Helping Noncustodial Parents Support Their Children: Early Implementation Findings from the Child Support Noncustodial Parent Employment Demonstration (CSPED) Evaluation." Interim Report. September 2015, http://www.acf.bbs.gov/sites/default/files/programs/css/css/css

http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/programs/css/csp edinterimpl2015.pdf

 Elaine Sorensen. (2016) "The child support program is a good investment." Office of Child Support Enforcement. <u>https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/programs/css/sbt</u> <u>n csp is a good investment.pdf</u>

Strengthening Families and Communities Sasha Rasco, Department of Family and Protective Services, TX



- Healthcare
- Nutrition
- Childcare
- Maltreatment
- Mental Health



Supporting Fathers to Strengthen Families and Communities

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PEI Fatherhood Initiatives

- Fatherhood EFFECTS program
- Fatherhood Public Awareness
- Supporting Fathers through
 Systems change Fatherhood
 Interagency Meetings
- Identifying Maltreatment Risk in Communities





Fatherhood EFFECTS

www.frpn.org FUNDED STRATEGIES



- 24/7 Dads
- Nurturing Fathers
- Man in Me



Basic needs support

WRAPAROUND

SUPPORT SERVICES

FAMILIES SERVED ANNUALLY

700

- Group-based parenting
- Support groups
- Job skills readiness/support



COMMUNITY-LEVEL CHANGE

- Collaboration/Coalitions
- Public awareness

OUTCOMES MEASURED

- Bonding/Attachment
- Parenting knowledge
- Social Support
- Basic needs
- Reduce the incidence of child abuse/neglect



HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN Bringing Opportunity Home

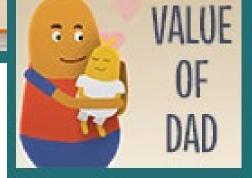








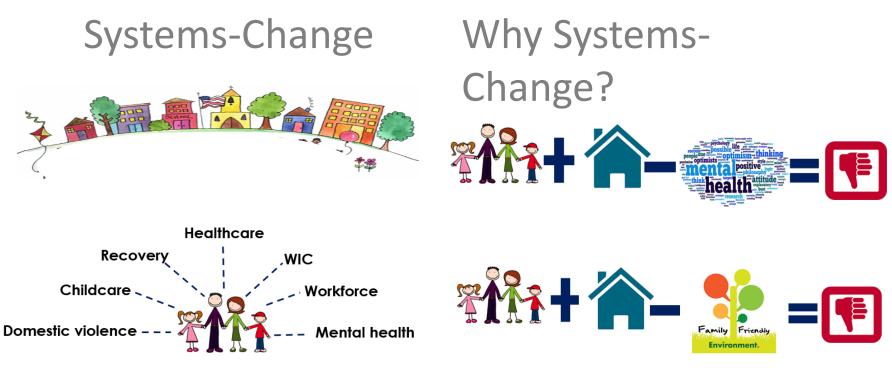
Help for Parents, Hope for Kids Campaign



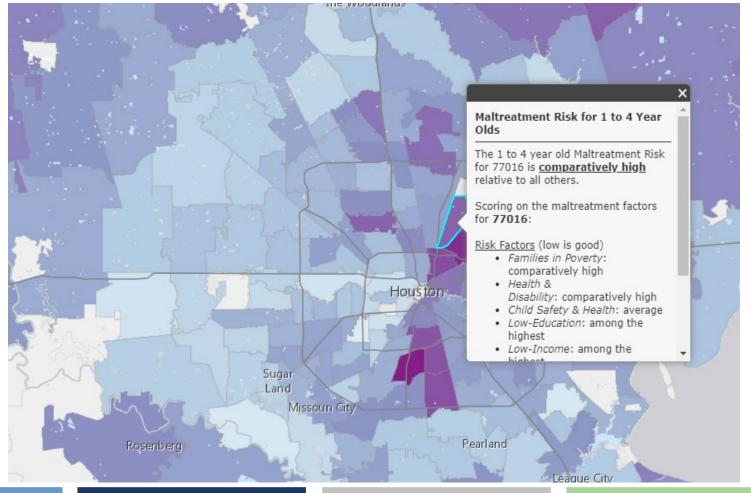
Visit **<u>HelpAndHope.org</u>** for more information.



Supporting Fathers Through Systems Change



Maltreatment Risk in Communities





Resources

- Help for Parents, Hope for Kids -<u>HelpAndHope.org</u>
- Fatherhood Playbook Google Play Store, search TxSafeBabies or Father's Playbook
- State of Babies Yearbook 2019 <u>www.stateofbabies.org</u>
- Zero to Three <u>www.zerotothree.org</u>
- Child Trends <u>www.childtrends.org</u>

Child Welfare

Fernando Mederos, Simmons College Ann Ream, Summit County Children Service, Ohio

- Recognize importance of fathers
- Locate & engage fathers
- Assess fathers for strengths & needs
- Provide on-going services & assistance
- Promote supportive & safe coparenting
- Address special issues (e.g., family violence, poverty, substance abuse)





FATHER INVOLVEMENT POLICIES & PROCEDURES

- Recognize the importance of all fathers
- Commit to identify, locate and engage all fathers
- Assess for strengths & needs
- Make diligent attempts to involve fathers
- Review existing policies & procedures
- Ensure commitment & support of leadership
- Understand challenges for low-income fathers & men of color



KEY PRACTICE: INITIAL ENGAGEMENT STRATEGIES

- Develop detailed and resourced procedures for engagement of all father figures
- Do screening referral for all issues including paternity & child support
- Explore involvement of child with father figures & paternal family.
- Use family search resources
- Train SWs in father engagement
- Take difficult practice junctures into account
- Inquire about the father at each contact



Assess Strengths and Weaknesses

- Build on strengths—fatherhood vision, history of appropriate nurturing, openness to seek help, capacity for self-reflection
- Educate men--impact of their behavior on children, their importance in nurturance, self-esteem, trauma, role-modeling for children, etc.
- Assess risks--substance abuse, mental health issues, domestic violence, etc.

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KEY PRACTICE: ON-GOING SERVICES

Provide a gender-appropriate system of care:

- Fatherhood programs that address nurturing, healthy co-parenting, child abuse and neglect
- Programs for men who use violence in their families
- Mental health and substance abuse services with practitioners experienced with men
- Specialized assistance for low income men re: child support enforcement, criminal record mitigation, child access, single parent support



KEY PRACTICE: CO-PARENTING

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Develop framework for engagement that values both parents equally.

- Understand how to approach single mothers about engaging out of home fathers.
- Understand how to approach out of home fathers about supportive co-parenting
- Promote responsible, egalitarian and respectful fatherhood
- Help men connect with supportive cultural traditions.



KEY PRACTICE: SPECIAL ISSUES

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Develop best-practice frameworks for addressing men with: Family violence issues Fathering and poverty Fathering and community violence Fathering and the courts: paternity, custody issues, child support, etc. Fathering and substance abuse



Resources

 Ohio Dept Job and Family Services: Best Practices Guide for Engaging Fathers: A toolkit for Children Services Staff <u>http://fatherhood.ohio.gov/Portals/0/Revised%20FINAL_JFS-</u>01444%20Best%20Practice%20Guide%20for%20Fathers%20(<u>online).pdf</u>



Research Cynthia Osborne, Child and Family Research Partnership

- Research-practitioner collaboration
- Research driving the father engagement agenda
- Examples of policy-focused research
- Using research evidence for system level change
- Pressing research questions for serving fathers



Learning More through Collaboration and Research

- Find a research and evaluation partner to work with you
- The evidence on fatherhood research is modest, but growing
- Evaluating programs and community efforts to support fathers helps to answer:
 - Does it work?
 - Why does it/doesn't it work the way we envisioned?
 - For whom does it work best?
 - How can we make it work more effectively?
 - What are the returns to our investments?

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Sample Research/Evaluation Activity in Texas

- How do we increase father participation in home visiting programs?
- To what extent do fathers help retain families in home visiting programs?
- Why do fathers enroll in fatherhood programs? What benefits do they receive from participation?
- How can the child welfare system more effectively serve families with IPV?
- How can we increase in-hospital paternity establishment?
- What factors predict child support enrollment and payment?
- How can we more effectively serve young fathers?
- How can communities collectively increase father engagement?

Use Evidence to Guide Your Interventions and Strive for Systems-Level Change

Process Map for Systems-Level Change Long-Term, Increase fathers' engagement with their children Measurable Goal: Positive Reduction of Parenting Financial **Evidence-Based Co-Parenting** Anti-Social Skills & Stability **Drivers of Change:** Relationship **Behavior** Knowledge For Fach Evidence-Based **Policies & Practices** Driver of Change: **Physical Environment** Indicators of **Public Perception & Awareness Progress:** Programmatic Availability & Alignment Peer Networks & Support **Physical Planning & Place**



Track Progress Toward Systems-Level Change

Process Map for Systems-Level Change

Long-Term, Measurable Goal:	Increase fathers' engagement with their children				
T	Positive	Financial	Reduction of	Parenting	
Evidence-Based Drivers of Change:	Co-Parenting Relationship	Stability	Anti-Social Behavior	Skills & Knowledge	
	Programmatic: Co-parenting	Programmatic: Responsible	Programmatic: Father	Programmatic: Organizations	
Indicators of	programs are made available to parents through schools, faith-based institutions, and healthcare institutions	fatherhood programs partner with local employers, health providers, and the child support office to support	support and peer groups are held hosted at day cares, schools, labor and delivery or children's hospitals, the	and institutions require children's forms list both parents' names	
Progress:	Public Perception : A public campaign on the importance	fathers Physical Planning & Space:	Domestic Relations Office (DRO), child support office, or jails/prisons	Physical Environment : Changing tables are required in both men and women's bathrooms	
	of positive co-parenting is launched	Public transportation routes between jobs and neighborhoods exist launched	Policies & Practices : Lower barriers to employment or housing for non-dangerous ex-offenders	Public Perception : A Father's Day event recognizing fathers in the community and providing fatherhood resources is held	



Pressing Research Questions for Serving Fathers

- How do we effectively serve non-resident fathers?
- What is the best age for intervention?
- Do our findings generalize to other demographic and geographic contexts?
- How do we better retain our fathers in services?
- What is the right combination of services?
- How can multiple systems collectively serve fathers?



Resources

- Child and Family Research Partnership UT Austin
 - <u>https://childandfamilyresearch.utexas.edu/</u>
 - Various reports and one-pagers on fathers
 - Videos and infographic
 - <u>https://childandfamilyresearch.utexas.edu/sites/default/files/Infogr</u> <u>aphic_ImportanceofFathers062015.pdf</u>
- FRPN: <u>https://www.frpn.org/</u>
- MPR, Inc: <u>https://www.mathematica-mpr.com/our-focus-areas/family-support</u>
- MDRC: https://www.mdrc.org/population/focus/fathers
- National Fatherhood Initiative: <u>https://www.fatherhood.org/</u>

Questions for the Panel?



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